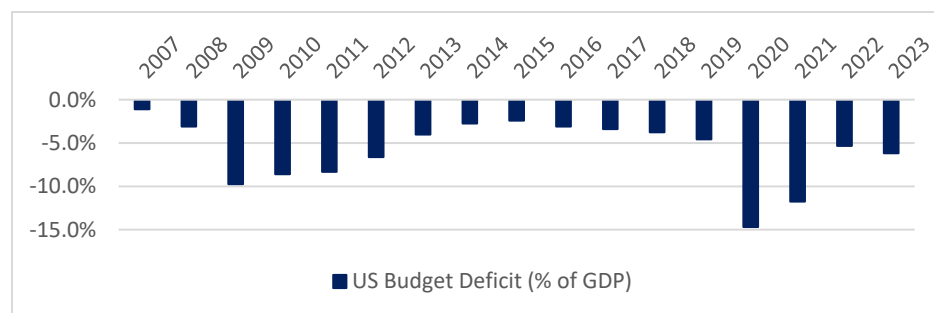


## An era of fiscal profligacy and continuous asset reflation

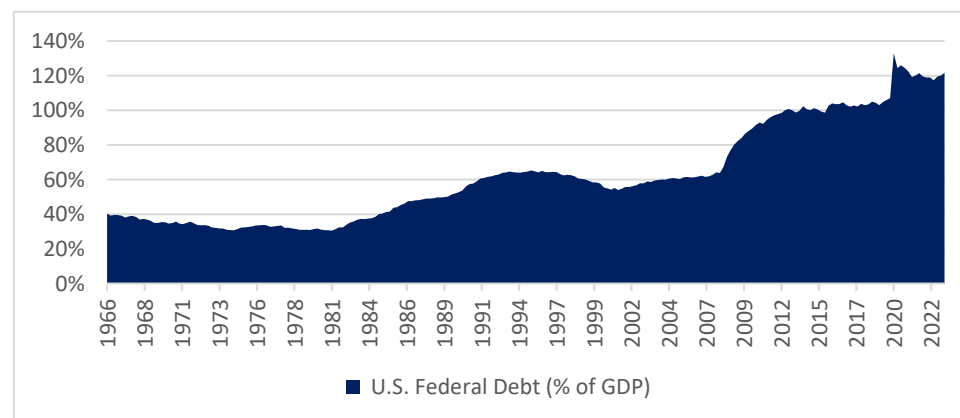
Fiscal policy refers to the use of government spending and taxation to influence economic conditions. Over the past year, the U.S. federal government has run a massive budget deficit of \$2 trillion or 7.2% of GDP, despite low unemployment rates. This deficit spending has been fueled by various factors, including the costs of wars, the financial crisis, the pandemic, unfunded tax cuts, and stimulus programs. Both Republican and Democratic administrations have contributed to this fiscal profligacy.



Source: St. Louis Fed, FRED

The large and growing national debt cannot be sustained indefinitely, as interest costs will eventually become unmanageable. There are three potential ways to address this issue:

1. Lower real interest rates through low nominal rates, which is currently not the case.
2. Lower real interest rates through higher inflation, which is also not occurring as inflation has peaked and is trending downward.
3. Boost productivity growth, potentially through advancements like artificial intelligence, allowing the economy to outgrow its debts.



Source: St. Louis Fed, FRED

## The Thinking Man's Approach



May 2024 | Series #101  
Ignacio Pakciarz | CEO

- Continuous US budget deficits have contributed to an untenable US fiscal policy which will have to eventually be controlled
- US federal debt is at record levels in dollar terms, and near record levels as a % of GDP
- Given higher interest rates, US financing costs are starting to crowd out other spending programs as both interest rate levels and debt levels are simultaneously elevated
- Productivity gains, i.e. economic growth in excess of capital formation and population growth will need to make up for fiscal issues
- In the near-term fiscal policy is not likely to be a problem for risk assets given that most of the world's developed economies are in a similar boat
- Economic optimism tends to dominate longer-term fears

For more on how we are positioning our portfolios, please contact your investment advisor or [ideas@bigsurpartners.com](mailto:ideas@bigsurpartners.com)



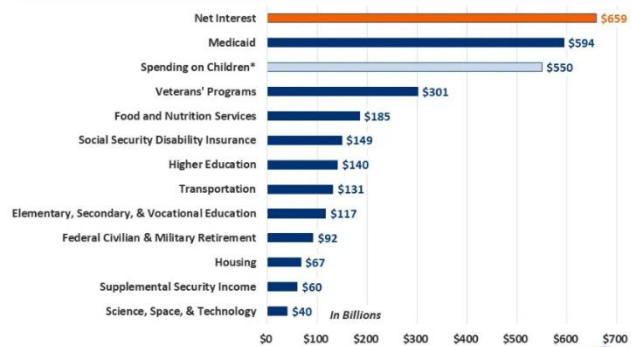
While the U.S. economy has shown some productivity gains from AI and other technologies, the latest labor market report indicates that a significant portion of new job growth is occurring in government, healthcare, and social assistance sectors, which rely on government spending rather than driving long-term productivity growth.

In some progressive states like California, Illinois and Oregon, these sectors account for all or more than the net new job growth, suggesting a shift towards a more socialistic economic model.

The current fiscal situation is unsustainable in the long run, and the U.S. will need an investment-based boom in the private economy to finance the growing government-funded jobs and services. Rising defense spending due to global tensions and the retirement of baby boomers further exacerbate the fiscal challenges.

The lack of coordination between expansionary fiscal policy and restrictive monetary policy aimed at controlling inflation is also problematic, potentially leading to a feedback loop where borrowing to service debts fuels inflation rather than containing it. While monetary policy can be utilized to address economic deceleration or recession, the continuous reliance on expansionary fiscal policy and the inability to rein it in pose risks of long-term consequences.

**Net Interest Exceeds Many Other Programs in 2023**



Sources: Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget, Congressional Budget Office, The Office of Management and Budget, The Urban Institute  
 \*This includes spending on parts of the Child Tax Credit, K-12 education, school lunches, and other programs for children as well as parts of spending on Medicaid, SNAP, and other programs



	During QE Period		Present	
	Stance	Ability to Use Policy	Stance	Ability to Use Policy
<b>Monetary Policy</b>	Expansive	No	Restrictive	Yes
<b>Fiscal Policy</b>	Expansive	No	Expansive	No

However, in this election year, our base macro scenario is the “goldilocks” situation (not too cold not too hot) with risk markets expected to continue rallying. We believe that it’s a “buy on weakness” market - for “high quality” stocks, high grade corporate bonds, and long-term highly rated US municipal bonds (for domestic investors).



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